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# **A Tutorial for RSS in Slicer**

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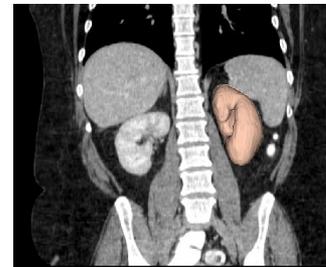
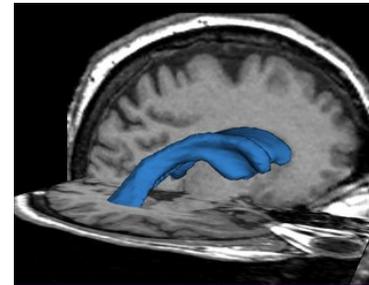
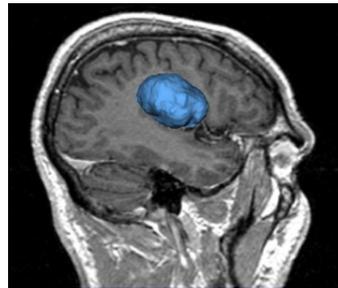
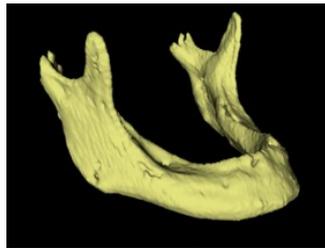
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# Learning Objective

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- How to use:  
RSS (Robust Statistics Segmenter) in Slicer 3.6





# Pre-requisite tutorials:

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- Slicer3Minute Tutorial

- by Sonia Pujol

- at [http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/images/e/e2/Slicer3.6MinuteTutorial\\_SoniaPujol.pdf](http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/images/e/e2/Slicer3.6MinuteTutorial_SoniaPujol.pdf)

- Slicer3Visualization Tutorial

- by Sonia Pujol

- at [http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/images/c/c9/3DDataLoadingAndVisualization\\_Slicer3.6\\_SoniaPujol.pdf](http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/images/c/c9/3DDataLoadingAndVisualization_Slicer3.6_SoniaPujol.pdf)



# Material

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- This tutorial requires the installation of the **Slicer3.6 release** and the tutorial dataset. They are available at the following locations:
- **Slicer3.6** download page  
<http://www.slicer.org/pages/Downloads/>
- **Tutorial dataset:** [http://wiki.na-mic.org/Wiki/images/2/20/RSSData\\_TutorialContestSummer2010.zip](http://wiki.na-mic.org/Wiki/images/2/20/RSSData_TutorialContestSummer2010.zip)

**Disclaimer:** *It is the responsibility of the user of Slicer to comply with both the terms of the license and with the applicable laws, regulations, and rules.*



# Platform

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- Developed on Linux 64
- Tested on
  - Linux 64/32
  - Mac
  - Windows XP 32 (I don't have Win64 ...)



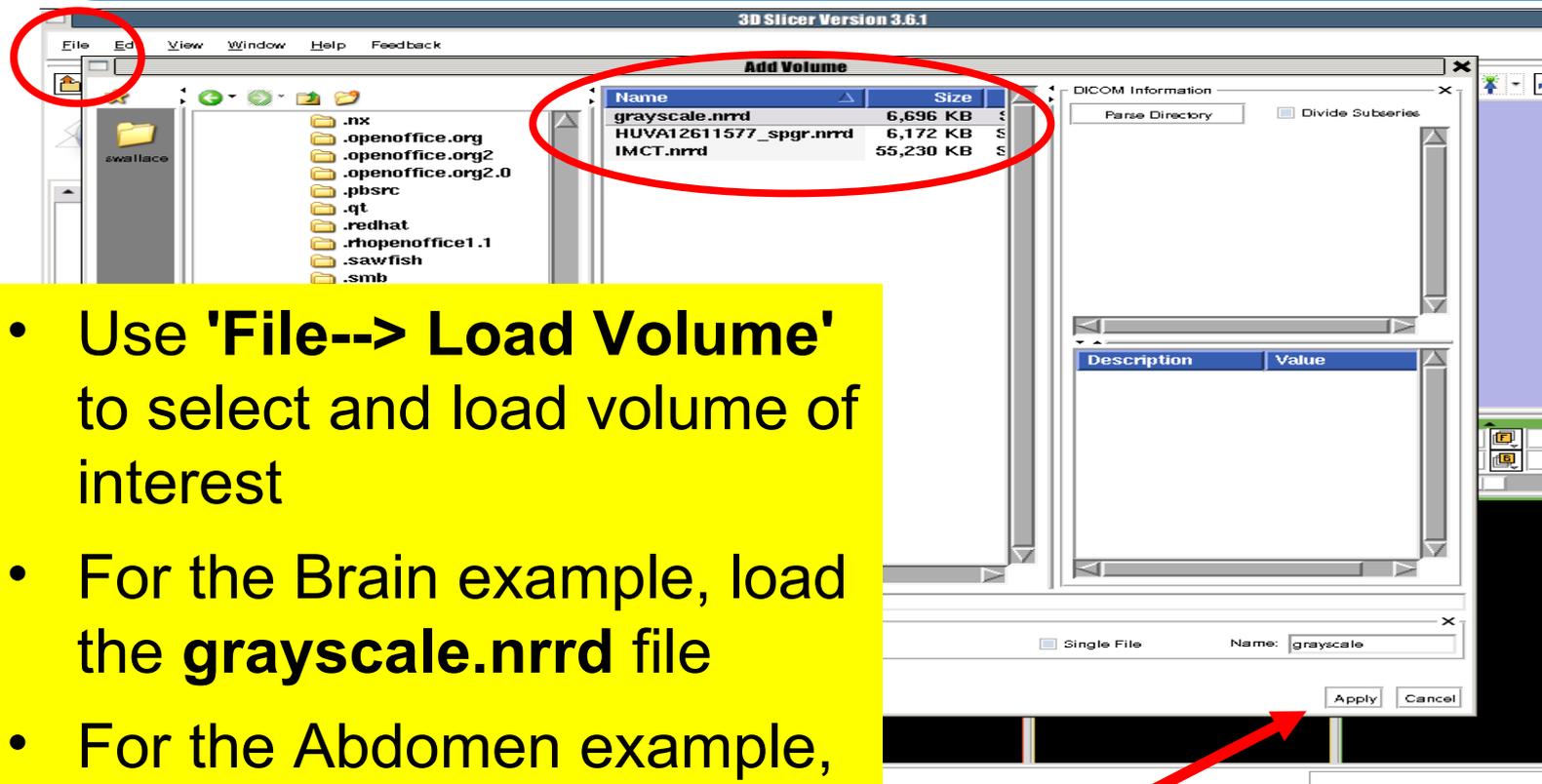
# Overview

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- Basic using steps
  - First try
- How to tune it
  - What if not satisfying
- Examples
- What's not for
  - Cases may need other tools



# Add Volume

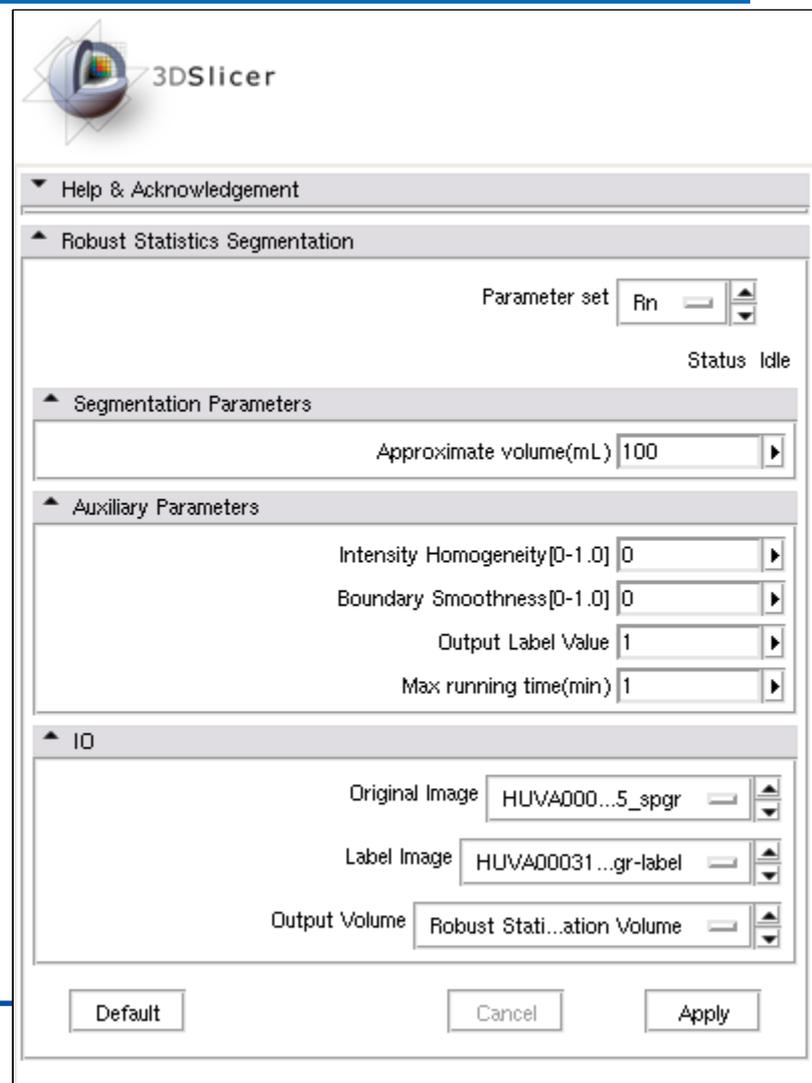


- Use '**File--> Load Volume**' to select and load volume of interest
- For the Brain example, load the **grayscale.nrrd** file
- For the Abdomen example, load **IMCT.nrrd**
- Click '**Apply**'



# Basic usage, 1/4

- Slicer 3.6
- Module
  - Segmentation
    - Robust Statistics Segmentation
- Module panel 





# Basic usage, 2/4

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- Load in target image
  - Slicer3/Applications/CLI/RobustStatisticsSegmenter/grayscale.nrrd
  - <http://www.spl.harvard.edu/publications/item/view/1180>
    - Tumorbase.zip at page bottom, case 3

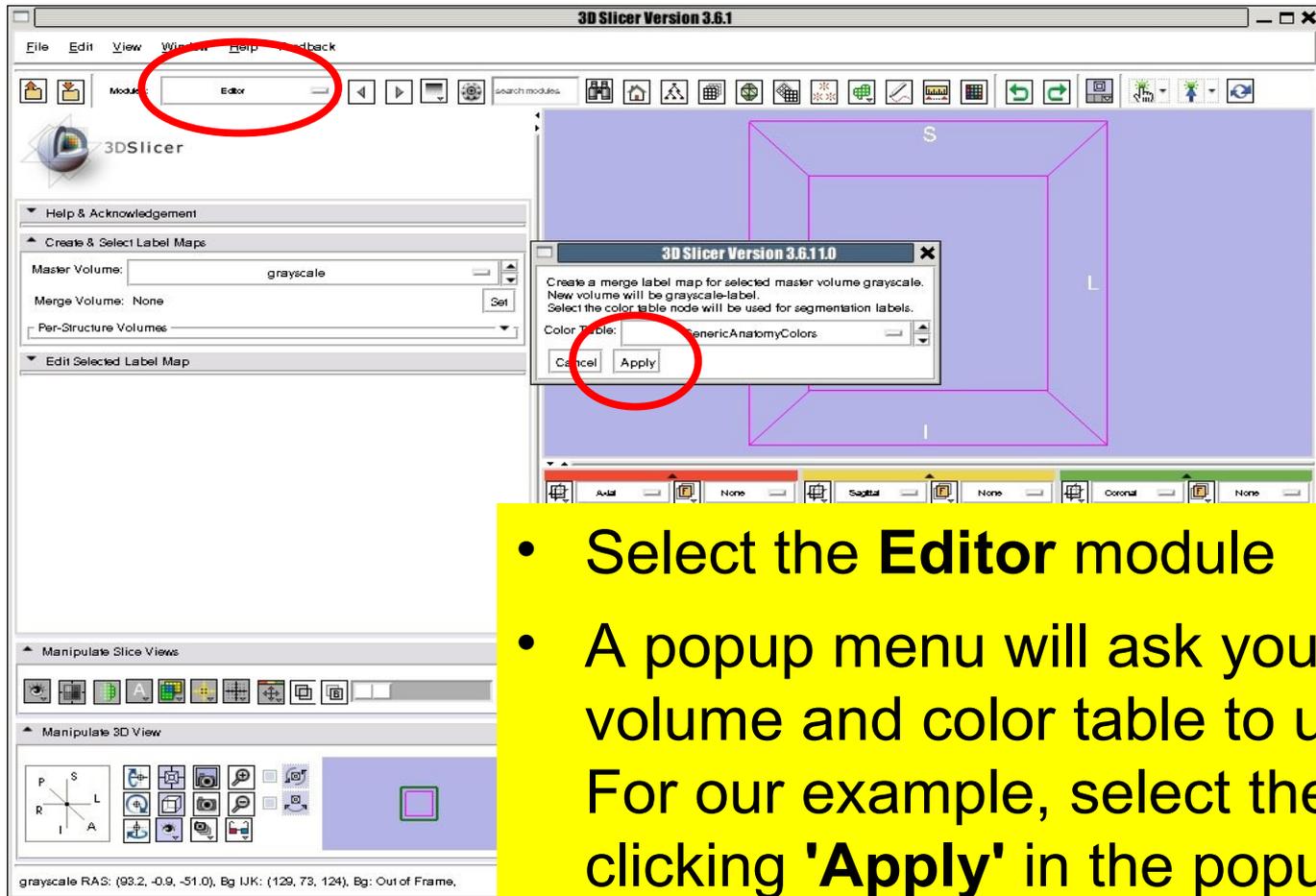
- Label map in Editor module



- In the editor, draw in the object



# Interactive Editor and Labelmap

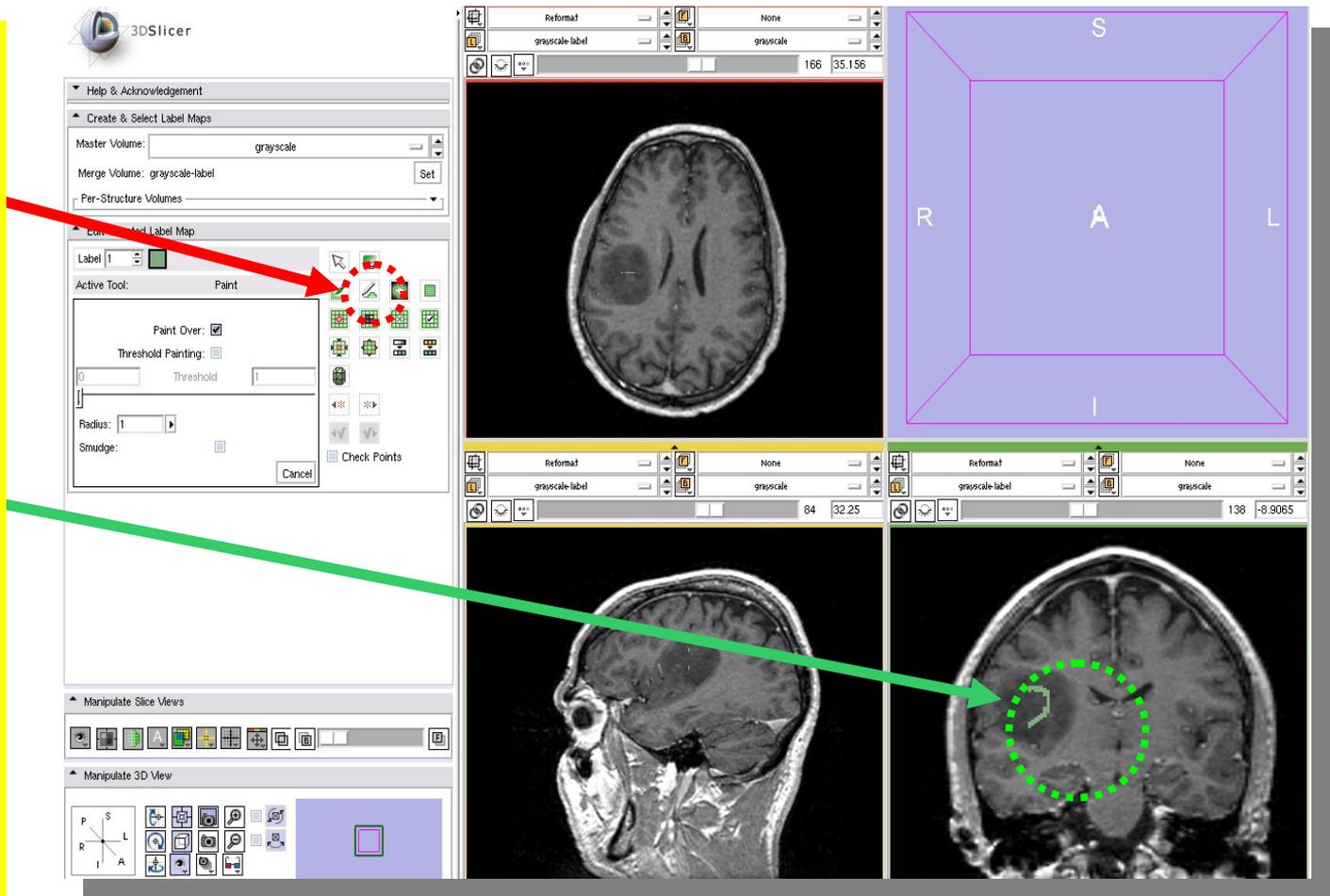


- Select the **Editor** module
- A popup menu will ask you to select a volume and color table to use for editing. For our example, select the defaults by clicking '**Apply**' in the popup menu



# Basic usage, 3/4

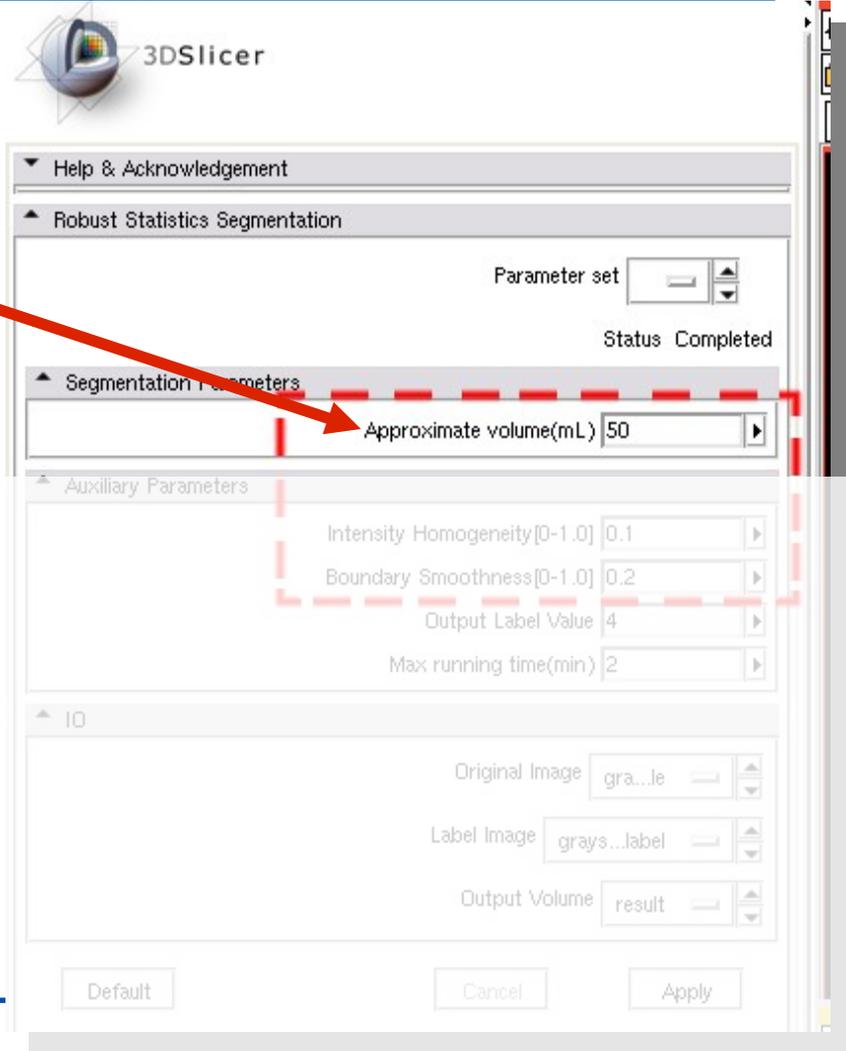
- Use the draw button to draw in an area within our ROI (here, a brain tumor)





# Basic usage, 4/4

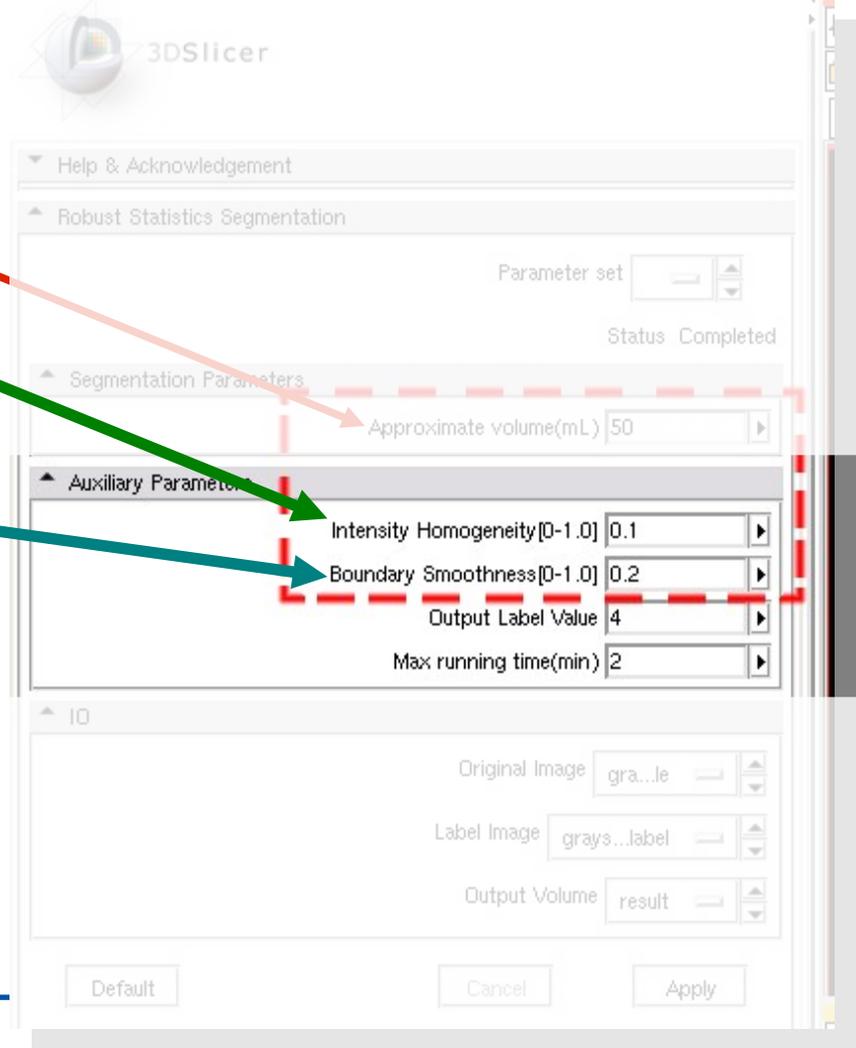
- Set your volume limit; this will vary by the size of your structure of interest
- Intensity homogeneity
- Smoothness
- Target image
- Label image
- “Create new volume”





# Basic usage, 4/4

- Volume limit
- Intensity homogeneity
- Smoothness
- Target image
- Label image
- “Create new volume”

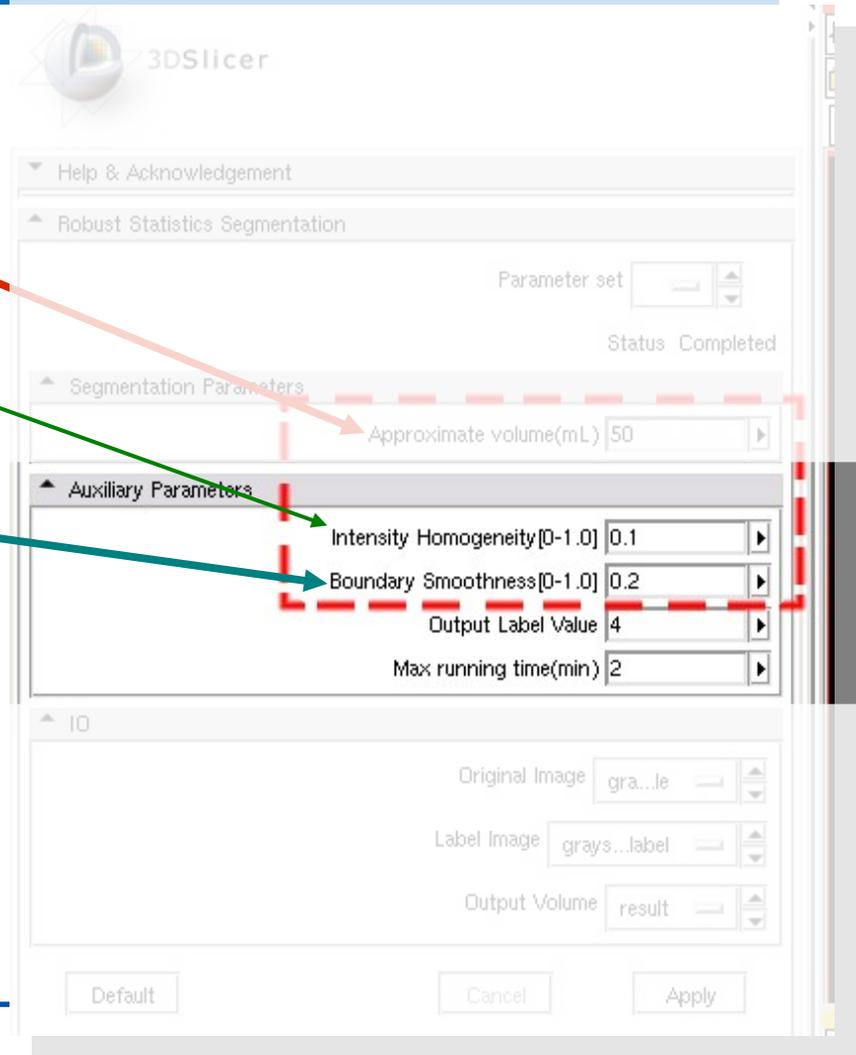




# Basic usage, 4/4

- Volume limit
- Intensity homogeneity
- Smoothness

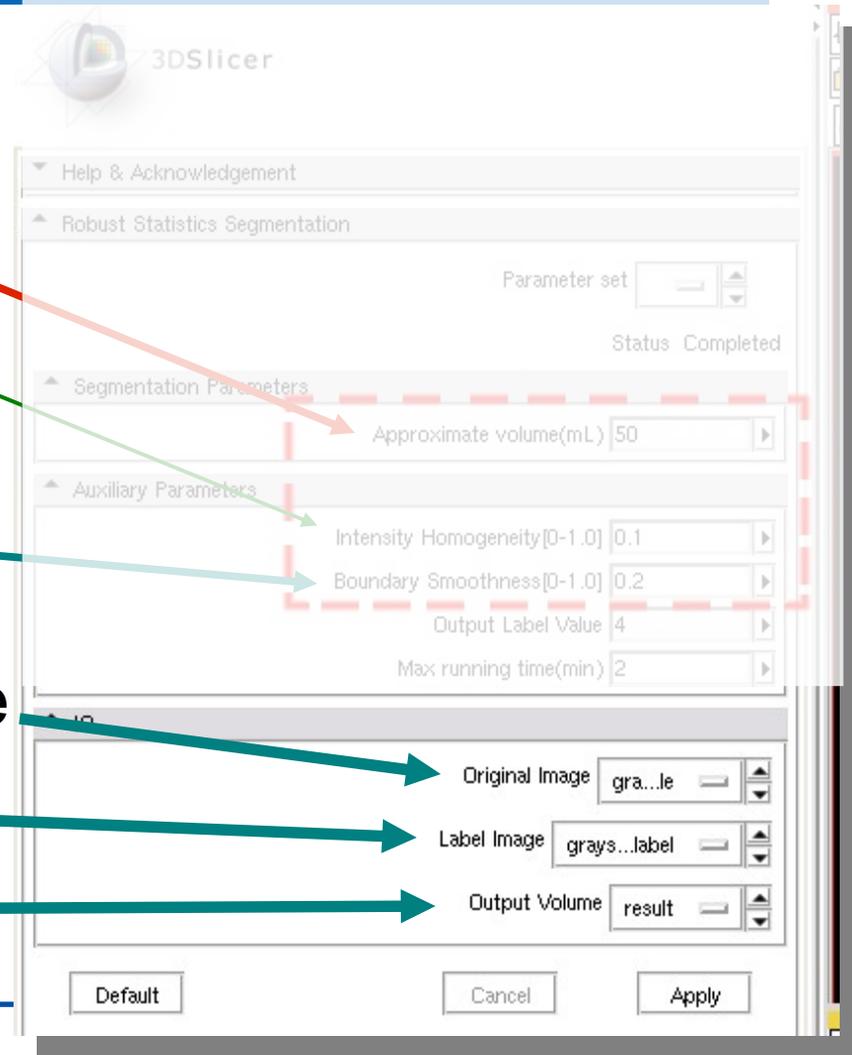
If not sure, use default values (both set to 0).  
Let it run and adjust later.





# Basic usage, 4/4

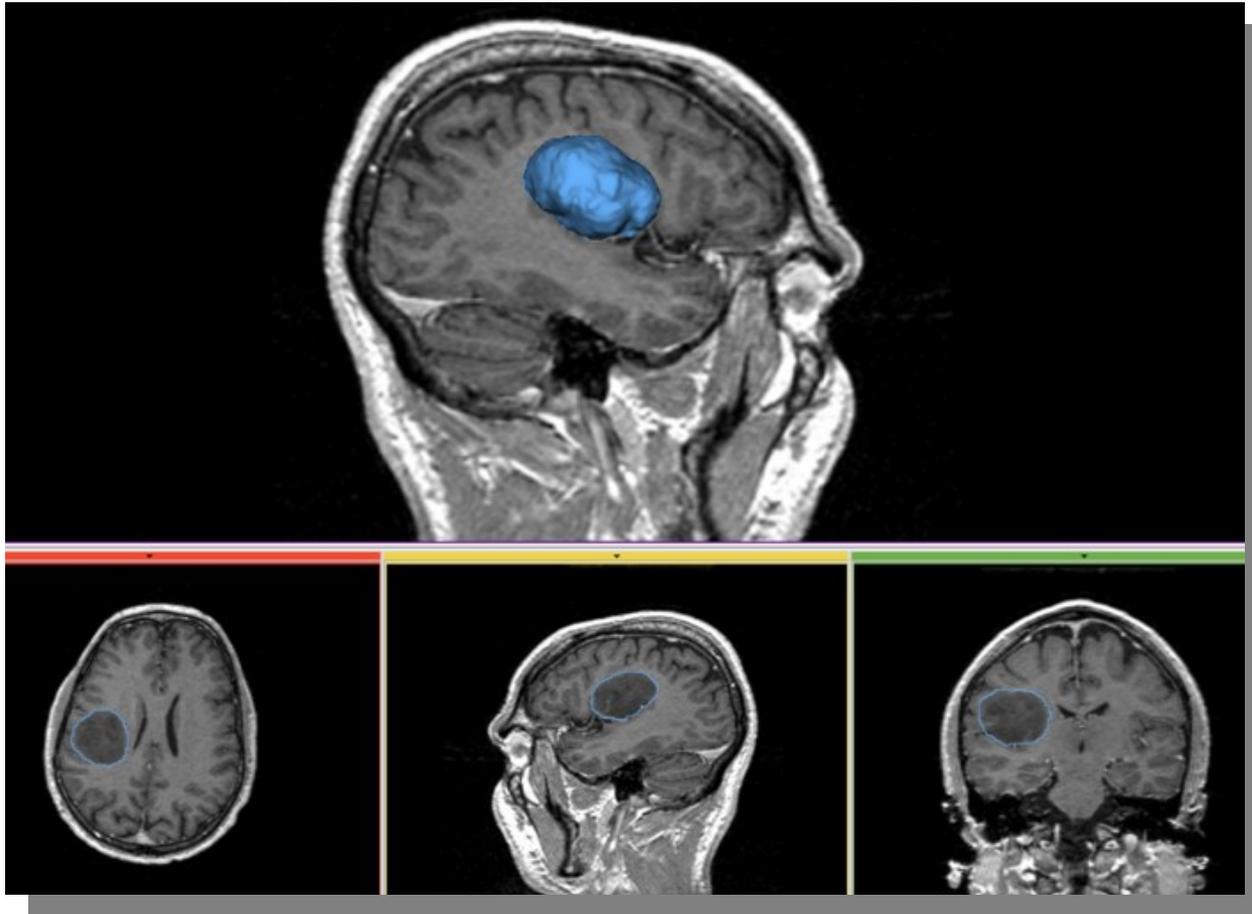
- Volume limit
- Intensity homogeneity
- Smoothness
- Target image = original image
- Label image = labelmap
- “Create new volume”





# Wait 2.5 seconds...

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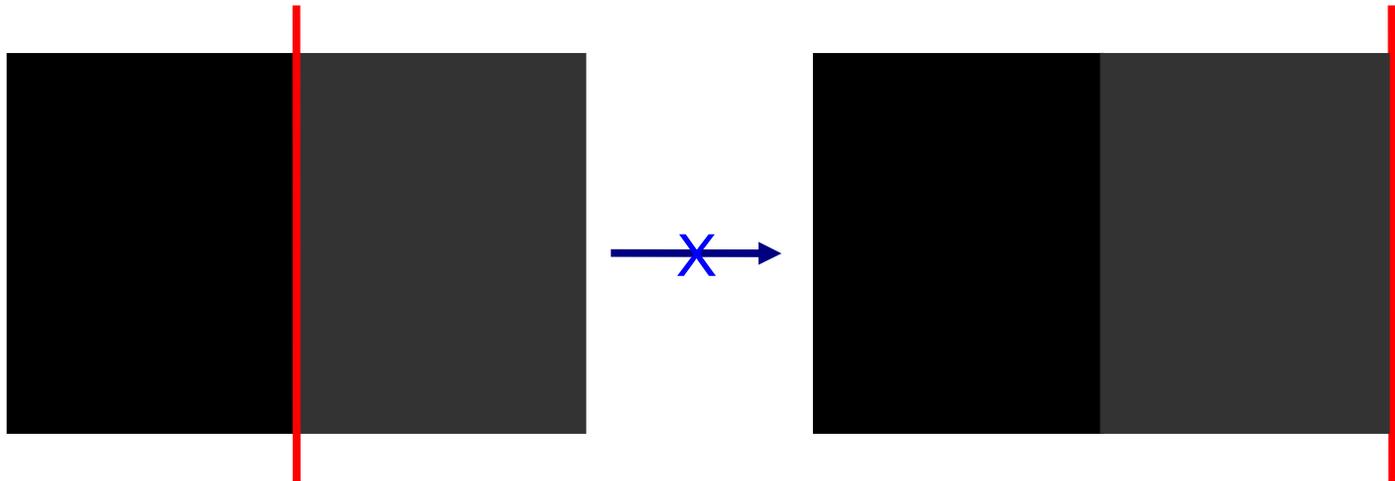




# Fine tune, 1/2

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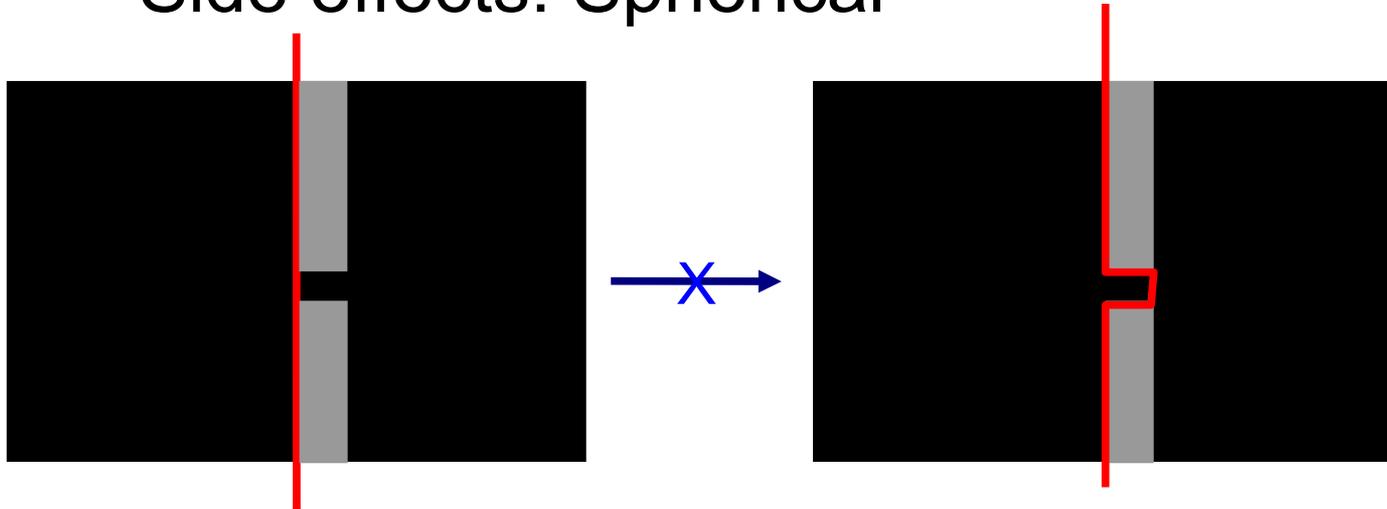
- **Intensity homogeneity  $\sim 1$**  means:
  - Homogeneous intensity in the target
  - Prevent leakage to *similar intensity region*
  - Be strict





# Fine tune, 2/2

- **Boundary smoothness  $\sim 1$**  means:
  - Boundary is smooth
  - Prevent leakage *through a thin gap*
  - Side effects: Spherical





# Fine tune, summery

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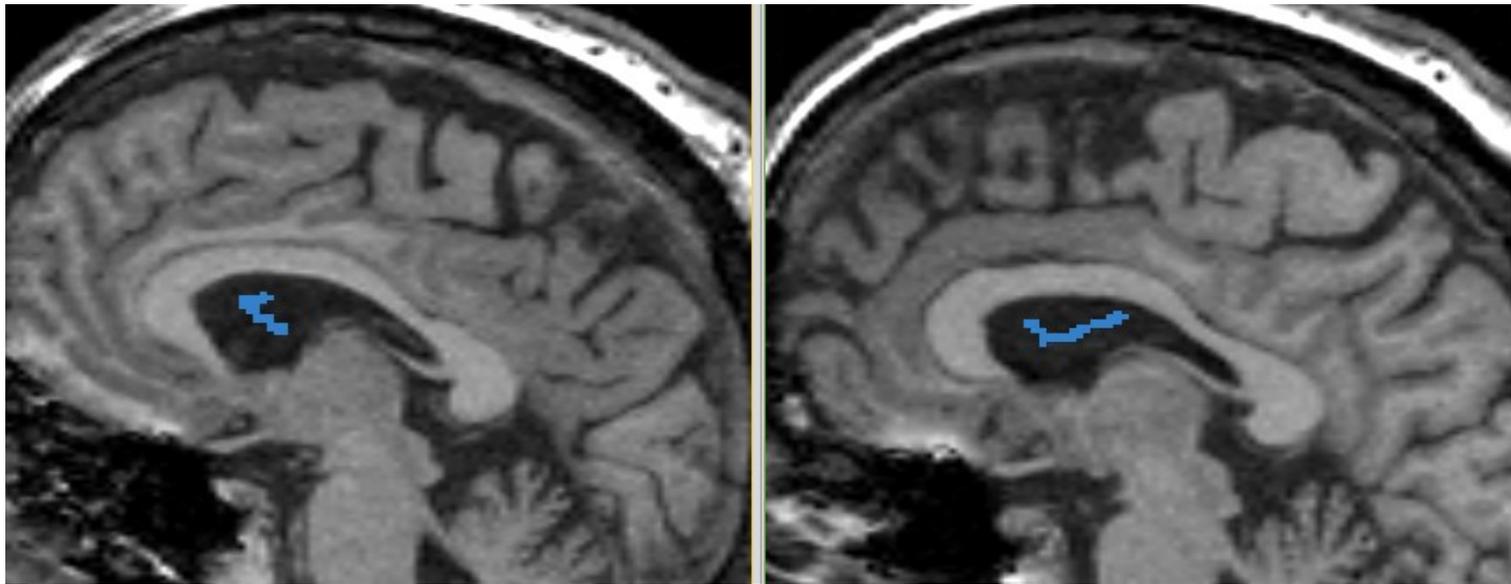
- **Small ( $\sim 0$ )**
  - IH, BS: encourage growth
- **Large ( $\sim 1$ )**
  - IH, BS: discourage growth
  - **BS: spherical shape**
    - In the following examples, set BS to 0 because the objects (ventricle, aorta, mandible) are not spherical.



# More examples, ventricle

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- MRI
  - HUVA12611577\_spgr.nrrd
  - Labels: in two sagittal slices





# More examples, ventricle

- Parameter

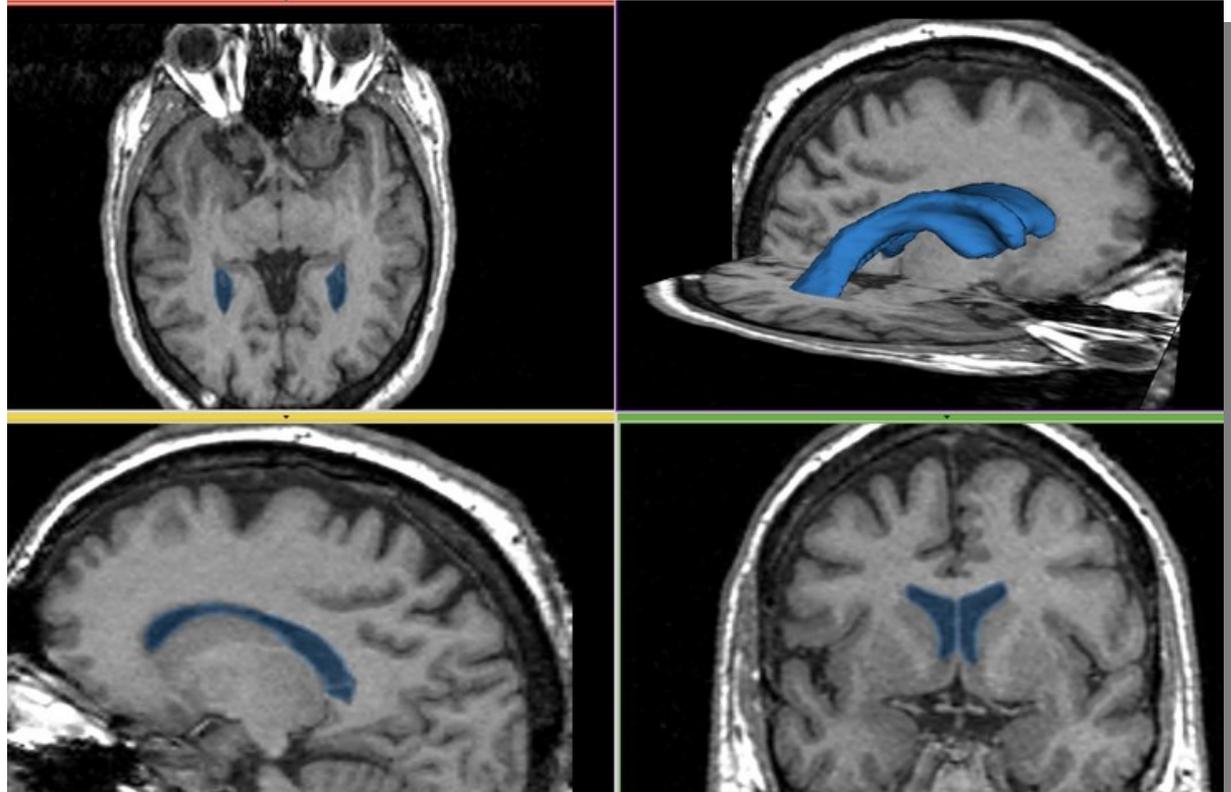
S

- Vol: 30ml

- IH: 0.02

- BS: 0

- 2.5 sec





# More example, aorta

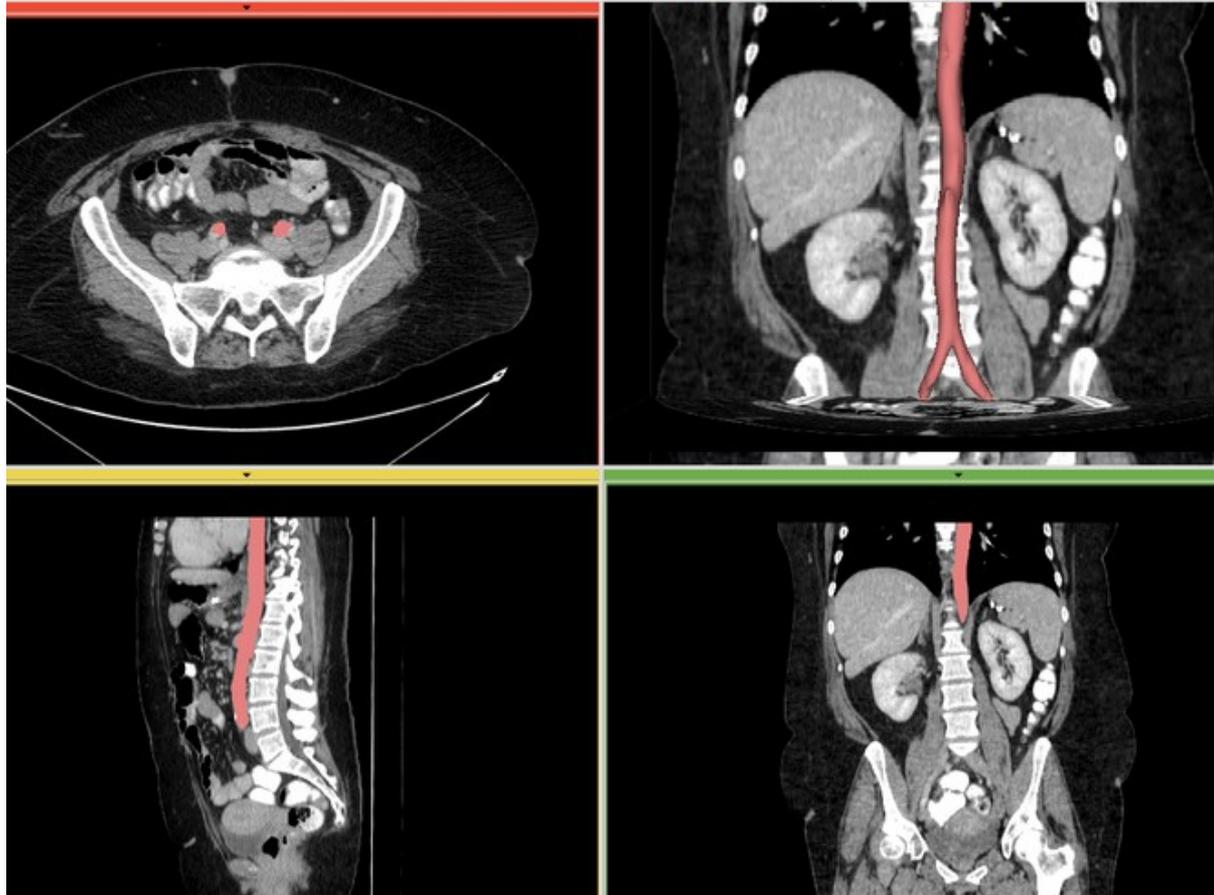
- CT
  - IMCT.nrrd
- Label
  - 1 sagittal slice
  - Along center line





# More example, aorta

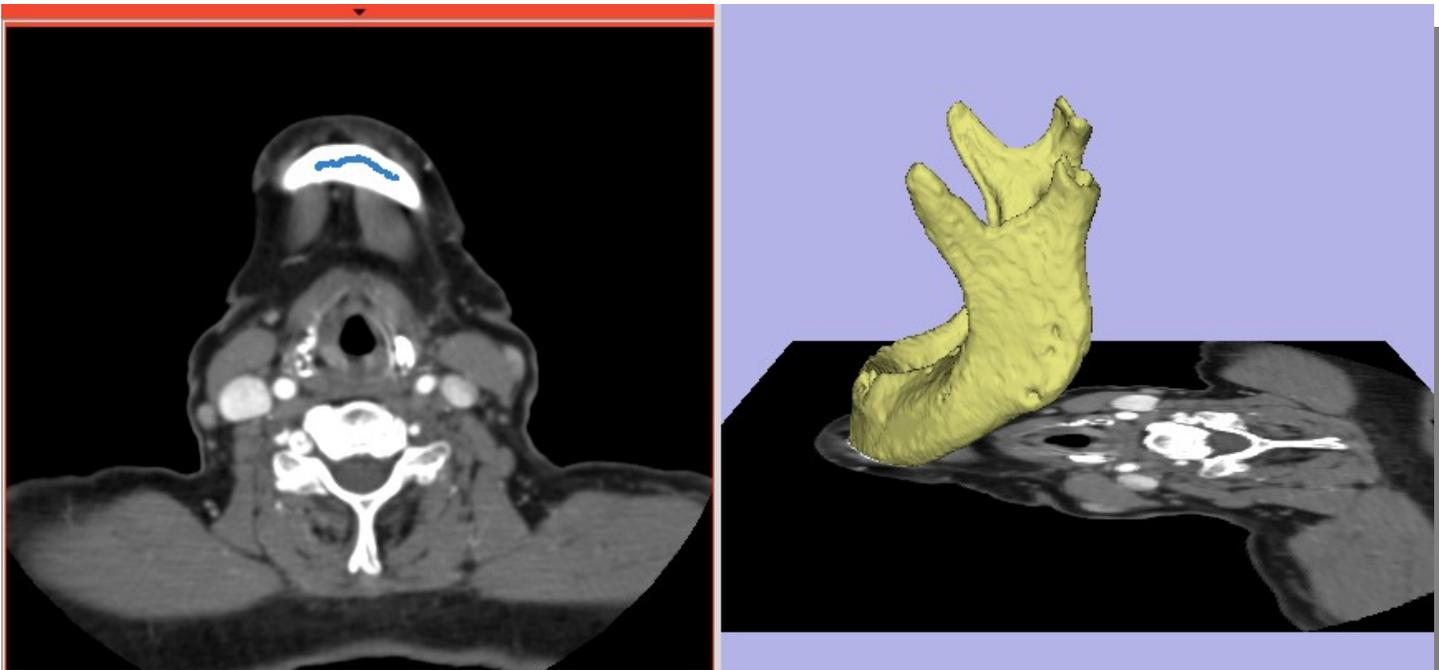
- Parameters
  - Vol: 60ml
  - IH: 1.0
  - BS: 0
- 12 sec





# More example, mandible

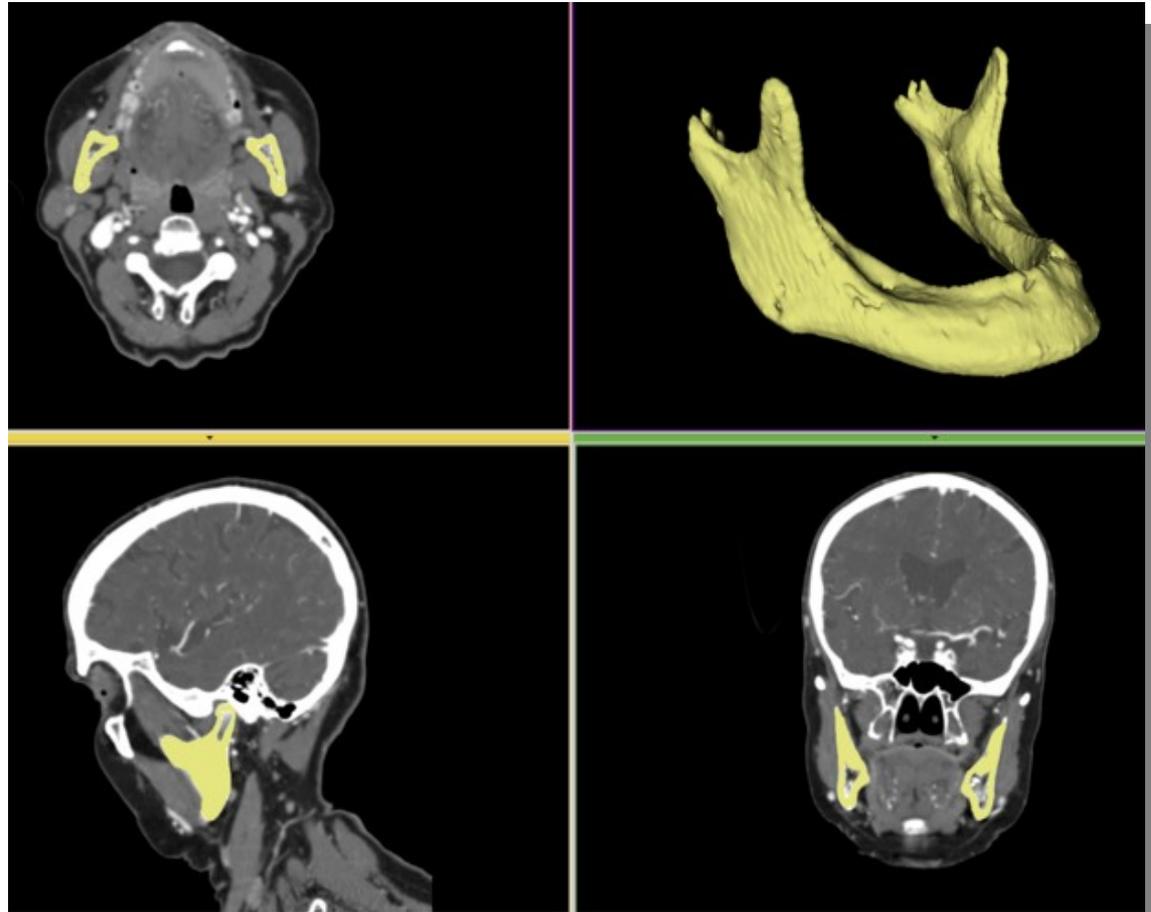
- CT <http://pubimage.hcuge.ch:8080/> MANIX data set
- Label: 1 axial slice





# More example, mandible

- Parameters:
  - Vol: 100ml
  - IH: 0.5
  - BS: 0.0
- 160 sec





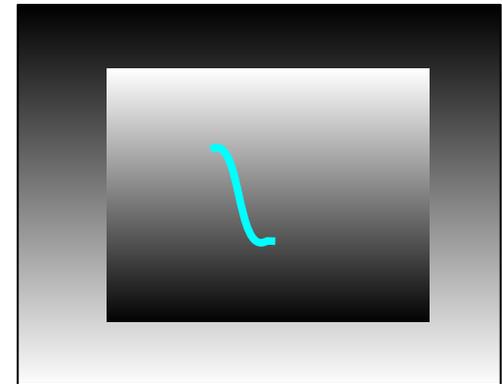
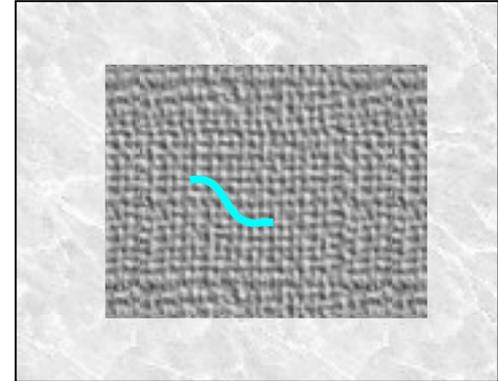
# Example summery

volume limit	homogeneity	smoothness	running time
50 ml	0.1	0.2	2.5 sec
30 ml	0.02	0	2.5 sec
60 ml	1.0	0	12 sec
100 ml	0.5	0	160



# What's not for

- Texture images
  - Seeds cover many intensity levels, also appearing in background
- Intensity range similar to background
  - Similar reason as above





# Conclusion

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- A new module, RSS, in Slicer3.6
- It's basic usage & How to tune it
- Examples
- Cases RSS won't work well



# Acknowledgments

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## National Alliance for Medical Image Computing

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- Thank the creator of this template file, who makes tutorial preparation much easier.