Programming in Slicer4

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3DSlicer, VTK, ITK, NRRD, Qt, Python, 3D Slicer, VTK, ITK, NRRD, Qt, Python, BatchMake, XNAT
3D Slicer version 4 (Slicer4.5)

- An end-user application for image analysis
- An open-source environment for software development
- A software platform that is both easy to use for clinical researchers and easy to extend for programmers
Slicer Modules

• **Command Line Interface (CLI):** standalone executable with limited input/output arguments

• **Scripted Modules (Python):** recommended for fast prototyping

• **Loadable Modules (C++ Plugins):** optimized for heavy computation

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Slicer4 Highlights: Python

The Python console of Slicer4 gives access to

- scene objects (MRML)
- data arrays (volumes, models)
- GUI elements that can be encapsulated in a module

Processing Libraries: numpy, VTK, ITK, CTK
Slicer4 Scripted Modules

- Python scripted modules allow more **interactive functionalities** (e.g. ‘Flythrough’ in Endoscopy module) and **rapid prototyping**

- GUI based on Qt libraries accessed via Python
Tutorial Goal

• This tutorial guides you through the steps of programming a HelloPython scripted module for running a Laplacian filtering and sharpening.

• For additional details and pointers, visit the Slicer Documentation page

Processing Examples in this Tutorial

MRML: Medical Reality Markup Language, the Slicer Data Representation

- Image Data on Disk (DICOM, Nifti, nrrd…)
- MRML Scene
- Manipulation with numpy
- Manipulation with VTK
- Manipulation with ITK (Slicer CLI)

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Prerequisites

- This course supposes that you have taken the tutorial: ‘Slicer4 Data Loading and Visualization’- Sonia Pujol Ph.D.

- The tutorial and HelloPython dataset are available on the Slicer4.5 compendium: https://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/index.php/Documentation/4.5/Training

- Programming experience is required, and some familiarity with Python is essential.
Course Material

Slicer4.5 version available at www.slicer.org

Unzip the HelloPythonSlicer4.zip archive

spgr.nhdr
spgr.raw.gz
(124 SPGR images)

HelloPython.py
HelloLaplace.py
HelloSharpen.py

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Course Overview

• Part A: Exploring Slicer via Python

• Part B: Integration of the HelloPython.py program into Slicer4

• Part C: Implementation of the Laplace operator in the HelloPython module

• Part D: Image Sharpening using the Laplace operator
Part A: EXPLORING SLICER VIA PYTHON
Python in Slicer

Slicer 4.5 includes python 2.7.10 and a rich set of standard libraries

- *Included:*
  - numpy, VTK, CTK, PythonQt,
  - and most of standard python library

- *Not included:*
  - scipy (scientific tools for python),
  - matplotlib (python 2D plotting library),
  - ipython (interactive python)
  - and some other popular packages that we have found difficult to package for distribution

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Python Console in Slicer

Select View → Python Interactor, or click the button 🐍
General Python Console Features

• Command Line Editing:
  - Left/Right Arrow Keys, Home, End
  - Delete (Control-D)

• Command Completion:
  - Tab Key

• Input History:
  - Up/Down Arrow Keys
Add Volume

1. Select File → Add Data

2. Select Choose File(s) to Add

3. Load the dataset spgr.nhdr located in the directory HelloPython/data
4. Select Volume for the Description
Run the following code in the Python console

```python
a = slicer.util.array('spgr')
print(a)
```

- Uses the slicer.util package to return a numpy array of the image
- The variable 'a' is a numpy ndarray of the volume data we just loaded
- Shows a shortened view of the array
Access to MRML and Arrays

The intensity values of the spgr image appear in the Python console.
Access to MRML and Arrays

Type the following command to display the min and max intensity value of the spgr image:

```
print( a.min(), a.max() )
```

→ Use numpy array methods to analyze the data

I min = 0 ; I max = 355
def toggle():
    n = slicer.util.getNode('spgr')
    a = slicer.util.array('spgr')
    a[:] = a.max() / 2. - a
    n.GetImageData().Modified()
    print('Toggled')

toggle()
The toggle function in more detail

- **def toggle():**
  - Defines a python function
  - Body of function performs element-wise math on entire volume
  - Easy mix of scalar and volume math

- Telling slicer that the image data for node 'n' has been modified causes the slice view windows to refresh
Qt GUI in Python

Run the following code in the Python console

b = qt.QPushButton('Toggle')
b.connect('clicked()', toggle)
b.show()

What do you think will happen when you run this code? What about when you push the button?
Result with button toggling

(*) Put the slicer view windows front to see the changes
In More Detail

- Slicer uses **PythonQt** to expose the Qt library

- Sophisticated interactive modules can be written entirely with Python code calling C++ code that is wrapped in Python
  - e.g. Endoscopy, Editor, SampleData, ChangeTracker, and other slicer modules in the Slicer source code

(*) Qt: [http://qt-project.org/](http://qt-project.org/)
PART B: INTEGRATION OF THE HELLOPYTHON TUTORIAL TO SLICER4
HelloPython.py

Open the file **HelloPython.py**
Located in the directory **helloPython\code**

---

**Module Description**

```
from __main__ import vtk, qt, ctk, slicer

# HelloPython
#
class HelloPython:
    def __init__(self, parent):
        parent.title = "Hello Python"
        parent.categories = ["Examples"]
        parent.dependencies = []
        parent.contributors = ["Jean-Christophe Fillion-Robin (Kitware)",
                                "Steve Pieper (Isomics)",
                                "Sonia Pujol (SNB)""]  # Replace with "firstname lastname (Org)"
        parent.helpText = ""
        parent.acknowledgementText = ""
        parent.seeAlso = []

        if parent:
            self.parent = parent
            self.layout = parent.layout()
            self.parent.setWindowModality(qt.Qt.NonModal)
        else:
            self.parent = parent
            self.layout = self.parent.layout()

        self.controller = HelloPythonController()

        self.body = self.layout.addFormLayout()
        self.body.addRow("Hello", self.getHello)

        self.dock = self.parent.addDockWidget(qt.Qt.LeftDockWidgetArea,
                                               self.dockWidget)

    def getHello(self):
        return "Hello World"
```

---

**Module GUI**

---

**Processing Code**

---

---

---
class HelloPython:
    def __init__(self, parent):
        parent.title = "Hello Python"
        parent.categories = ["Examples"]
        parent.dependencies = []
        parent.contributors = ["Jean-Christophe Fillion-Robin (Kitware)",
            "Steve Pieper (Isomics)",
            "Sonia Pujol (BWH)"] # replace with "Firstname Lastname (Org)"
        parent.helpText = """Example of scripted loadable extension for the HelloPython tutorial."
        """
        parent.acknowledgementText = """This file was originally developed by Jean-Christophe Fillion-Robin, Kitware Inc.,
Steve Pieper, Isomics, Inc., and Sonia Pujol, Brigham and Women's Hospital and was
partially funded by NIH grant 3P41RR013218-12S1 (NAC) and is part of the National Alliance
for Medical Image Computing (NA-MIC), funded by the National Institutes of Health through
the NIH Roadmap for Medical Research, Grant U54 EB005149."""
        # replace with organization, grant and thanks.
        self.parent = parent
This code is provided in the template
def setup(self):
    # Instantiate and connect widgets ...
    sampleCollapsibleButton = ctk.ctkCollapsibleButton()
    sampleCollapsibleButton.text = "A collapsible button"
    self.layout.addWidget(sampleCollapsibleButton)

    sampleFormLayout = qt.QFormLayout(sampleCollapsibleButton)

    # HelloWorld button
    helloWorldButton = qt.QPushButton("Hello world")
    helloWorldButton.setToolTip("Print 'Hello world' in standard output.")
    sampleFormLayout.addWidget(helloWorldButton)
    helloWorldButton.connect('clicked(bool)', self.onHelloWorldButtonClicked)

    # Add vertical spacer
    self.layout.addStretch(1)

    # Set local var as instance attribute
    self.helloWorldButton = helloWorldButton

Add this Text in section A

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def onHelloWorldButtonClicked(self):
    print "Hello World !"
    qt.QMessageBox.information(slicer.util.mainWindow(), 'Slicer Python', 'Hello World!')
Integrating HelloPython

1. Select Modules from the Edit → Application Settings

2. Open the side panel and click Add
Integrating HelloPython

3. Add the path to the directory containing HelloPython.py (when selecting the directory, the HelloWorld.py file itself will not be displayed)
4. Restart Slicer when prompted. Hello Python is now in the Modules Menu, under the category **Examples**.
HelloPython in Slicer

Click on Help and Acknowledgment in the Hello Python module

Expand the A Collapsible button tab, and click on the Hello World button
Part C:
Implementing the Laplace Operator

*named after Pierre-Simon, Marquis de Laplace (1749-1827)
Overview

The goal of this section is to build an image analysis module that implements a Laplacian filter on volume data

- Use qMRML widgets: widgets that automatically track the state of the Slicer MRML scene
- Use VTK filters to manipulate volume data
Open the file HelloLaplace.py located in the directory helloPython\code
def setup(self):
    # Collapsible button
    self.laplaceCollapsibleButton = ctk.ctkCollapsibleButton()
    self.laplaceCollapsibleButton.text = "Laplace Operator"
    self.layout.addWidget(self.laplaceCollapsibleButton)

    # Layout within the laplace collapsible button
    self.laplaceFormLayout = qt.QFormLayout(self.laplaceCollapsibleButton)

    # the volume selectors
    self.inputFrame = qt.QFrame(self.laplaceCollapsibleButton)
    self.inputFrame.setLayout(qt.QHBoxLayout())
    self.laplaceFormLayout.addWidget(self.inputFrame)
    self.inputSelector = slicer.qMRMLNodeComboBox(self.inputFrame)
    self.inputSelector.nodeTypes = ( "vtkMRMLScalarVolumeNode", "" )
    self.inputSelector.addEnabled = False
    self.inputSelector.removeEnabled = False
    self.inputSelector.setMRMLScene( slicer.mrmlScene )
    self.inputFrame.layout().addWidget(self.inputSelector)
This code is provided in the template

self.outputFrame = qt.QFrame(self.laplaceCollapsibleButton)
self.outputFrame.setLayout(qt.QHBoxLayout())
self.laplaceFormLayout.addWidget(self.outputFrame)
self.outputSelector = qt.QLabel("Output Volume: ", self.outputFrame)
self.outputFrame.layout().addWidget(self.outputSelector)
self.outputSelector.nodeTypes = ( ("vtkMRMLScalarVolumeNode"), "" )
self.outputSelector.setMRMLScene( slicer.mrmlScene )
self.outputFrame.layout().addWidget(self.outputSelector)

# Apply button
laplaceButton = qt.QPushButton("Apply Laplace")
laplaceButton.setToolTip = "Run the Laplace Operator."
self.laplaceFormLayout.addWidget(laplaceButton)
laplaceButton.connect('clicked(bool)', self.onApply)

# Add vertical spacer
self.layout.addStretch(1)

# Set local var as instance attribute
self.laplaceButton = laplaceButton
• **CTK** is a Qt Add-On Library with many useful widgets, particularly for visualization and medical imaging see [http://commontk.org](http://commontk.org)

• **Qt Widgets, Layouts, and Options** are well documented at [http://qt-project.org](http://qt-project.org)

• **qMRMLNodeComboBox** is a powerful slicer widget that monitors the scene and allows you to select/create nodes of specified types *(example: here we use Volumes = vtkMRMLScalarVolumeNode)*
def onApply(self):
    inputVolume = self.inputSelector.currentNode()
    outputVolume = self.outputSelector.currentNode()
    if not (inputVolume and outputVolume):
        qt.QMessageBox.critical(slicer.util.mainWindow(),
                            'Laplace', 'Input and output volumes are required for Laplacian')
        return
    laplacian = vtk.vtkImageLaplacian()
    laplacian.SetInputData (inputVolume.GetImageData())
    laplacian.SetDimensionality(3)
    laplacian.Update()
    ijkToRAS = vtk.vtkMatrix4x4()
    inputVolume.GetIJKToRASMatrix(ijkToRAS)
    outputVolume.SetIJKToRASMatrix(ijkToRAS)
    outputVolume.SetAndObserveImageData(laplacian.GetOutput())
# make the output volume appear in all the slice views
selectionNode = slicer.app.applicationLogic().GetSelectionNode()
selectionNode.SetReferenceActiveVolumeID(outputVolume.GetID())
slicer.app.applicationLogic().PropagateVolumeSelection(0)
In More Detail

- `vtkImageLaplacian` is a `vtkImageAlgorithm` operates on `vtkImageData` (see [http://vtk.org](http://vtk.org))

- `vtkMRMLScalarVolumeNode` is a Slicer MRML class that contains `vtkImageData`, plus orientation information `ijkToRAS` matrix (see [http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/index.php/Coordinate_systems](http://www.slicer.org/slicerWiki/index.php/Coordinate_systems))
In More Detail (Continued)

- Global **slicer** package gives python access to:
  - GUI (via `slicer.app`)
  - modules (via `slicer.modules`)
  - data (via `slicer.mrmlScene`)

- `slicer.app.applicationLogic()` provides helper utilities for manipulating Slicer state
Go To Laplace Module

Restart Slicer and select module. Note that combobox is empty.
Add spgr.nhdr

Load the dataset spgr.nhdr located in the directory HelloPython/data
After Adding Volume

1. Note that Input Volume combobox autoselected new volume

2. Create new volume for output

3. Run the module
Laplace Module

Result of Laplace Operator on spgr volume
Part D: Image Sharpening with the Laplace Operator
Overview

The goal of this section is to add a processing option for image sharpening.

- We’ll implement this operation using the existing Slicer Command Line Module
- ‘Subtract Scalar Volumes’
Open the file **HelloSharpen.py** located in the directory **helloPython\code**
Add this Text in section A

Add to Module GUI

```python
...  
self.outputSelector.setMRMLScene(slicer.mrmlScene)  
self.outputFrame.layout().addWidget(self.outputSelector)  
  
self.sharpen = qt.QCheckBox("Sharpen", self.laplaceCollapsibleButton)  
self.sharpen.setToolTip("When checked, subtract laplacian from input volume")  
self.sharpen.checked = True  
self.laplaceFormLayout.addWidget(self.sharpen)  

# Apply button  
laplaceButton = qt.QPushButton("Apply")  
laplaceButton.setToolTip("Run the Laplace or Sharpen Operator.")  
...  
```
...  
outputVolume.SetAndObserveImageData(laplacian.GetOutput())

# optionally subtract laplacian from original image
if self.sharpen.checked:
  parameters = {}
  parameters['inputVolume1'] = inputVolume.GetID()
  parameters['inputVolume2'] = outputVolume.GetID()
  parameters['outputVolume'] = outputVolume.GetID()
  slicer.cli.run( slicer.modules.subtractscalarvolumes, None, parameters, wait_for_completion=True )

# make the output volume appear in all the slice views
selectionNode = slicer.app.applicationLogic().GetSelectionNode()
selectionNode.SetReferenceActiveVolumeID(outputVolume.GetID())
slicer.app.applicationLogic().PropagateVolumeSelection(0)
In More Detail

- **slicer.cli** gives access to Command Line Interface (CLI) modules

- CLI modules allow packaging of arbitrary C++ code (often ITK-based) into slicer with automatically generated GUI and python wrapping
Go To Sharpen Module

Restart Slicer and select module. Note the new sharpen check box.
Add spgr.nhdr

Load the dataset spgr.nhdr located in the directory HelloPython/data
After Adding Volume

1. Note that Input Volume combobox autoselected new volume

2. Create new volume for output

3. Run the module
Sharpen Module

Result of Laplacian Sharpening Operator on spgr volume
Sharpen Module

Adjust Window/Level with Left-Mouse-Drag in Slice Window
Image Sharpening

original

Laplacian

Laplacian filtered
Going Further

• Explore numpy for numerical array manipulation

• Review Endoscopy Module for interactive data exploration using MRML and VTK

• See the Editor Module for interactive segmentation examples

• Explore SimpleITK for image processing using ITK
Conclusion

This course demonstrated how to program custom behavior in Slicer with Python.

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